

## THE POTTER FAILURE.

The action of the House of Representatives on Friday, in declaring by a vote of 216 against 21, against any attempt to Mexicanize the Government, was a chilling rebuke to Potter and his Committee. It is virtually a public notice that the Potter investigation is a failure. For three weeks the country has been more or less agitated by the Potter movement. By the order of Tilden it was begun with a view of proving that President Hayes holds his title by fraud. If it could be proven that Louisiana was given to the Republicans through fraud, Potter declared that the country must abide by the consequences whether it brought an impeachment or revolution. When the investigation was opened the Democratic party in the House was bound to obey the dictates of Potter who received his authority from Tilden. Potter subpoenaed his chief witness—Anderson—and what he said before the Committee not only proved that he was completely destitute of character, that he was a well-trained liar and a daring perjurer, but it shamed and humiliated the better element of the party which claimed him as its witness. Every step the investigation committee have taken has led them deeper in the mire. They could not implicate Secretary Sherman, they have completely failed to touch President Hayes, they could not connect Senator Matthews with any bargain and sale; in fact they have not proved a single thing they expected to prove when they ordered the investigation. So far it has been extremely damaging to the Democratic side of the question, and within the past few days this has become a solemn thought in the minds of the Democratic party.

This condition of things led the overwhelming adoption of the resolution on Friday, and the complete defeat of the Kimmel bill. The Democrats became satisfied that nothing could be gained by the investigation. Potter had failed to re-establish his first point, and the only thing the Democrats could do to let themselves down easily was to adopt Burchard's resolution pledging the party against any attempt to assail the title of President Hayes. It was high time for them to take a back-down movement. The investigation had already covered its promoters with ridicule, and the better class of Democrats blushed with shame at the folly of their leaders. All interest in the Potter investigation has been squeezed out of it, and the whole job will end in a fizzle. Instead of making political capital as they hoped, they have lost all, and before the campaign is over they will beg for mercy.

## IS THE WORST OVER?

We have had five years of business stagnation. During this time trade in nearly all parts of the country has been dull, thousands of merchants and business men have gone into bankruptcy, mills and factories have stopped their machinery, and workmen in great numbers have been thrown out of employment. The patience of the country has been thoroughly tried during these five years, and the question is how much longer will the people have to wait for fair winds. The Presidential question settled; silver has been remonetized; resumption is a fixed fact; the occupation of the bulls and bears on Wall Street has gone; money is plenty in the banks and is seeking investment at low rates of interest. With this state of things there is hope that the worst is over and that the bed rock of business depression has been reached.

On this subject the New York Daily Bulletin, a financial paper of reputation, thinks the storm is over, and that we have reached the solid rock, and the next thing in order is recovery. The position taken by the Bulletin is that we have reached a condition in which the foreign markets act as a breakwater against further depreciation and afford an important contribution toward the recovery of business. It then goes on to say in closing a long but hopeful editorial, and the attention of business men and farmers is particularly called to it: "This period of maximum depression is really one of great opportunities. Our material interests are suffering to-day as much from a want of perception that now is the time to invest as they suffered from the over-confidence and inflation that produced the panic. The real estate market is full of bargains. The suspension of building for the last five years has produced a comparative scarcity of houses. Factory properties are purchasable at prices which would enable buyers to compete with the most successful manufacturers. There are 30,000 miles of railroad property built in anticipation of the needs of the country, but since the construction of which six or seven millions have been added to our population. Most of this can be procured at 30 to 40 per cent. of its original cost. Rarely has any country presented such an opportunity for profitable investment as is afforded by judicious selections from this great mass of bankrupt properties. The mercantile opportunities are also exceptional. Those who are first to comprehend the present opportunities, and to put their long idle means into employment, will hold the best chances for the future."

"President Bascom, of the State University, delivered the Baccalaureate sermon to the graduating class on Sunday, at Madison. The subject was the Common School. He said the district schools at the North advance hesitatingly, because the people are not willing to put money enough into them. They are too cheap. "A little more cost might double and even triple the returns. At no point does the cry of taxes, hard earned taxes, more surely tell than at this point. Hard earned taxes! Is the money any harder earned than that spent at the saloons?" The

## THE NEWS.

## Rumors Afloat in Washington Concerning the Commune.

## Arrival of Minister Noyes at New York.

## What He Says of McLin and the Vote of Florida.

## Gossip Concerning the Operations of the Fraud Committee.

## Dissatisfaction at the President's Silver Commission Appointees.

## Another Batch of Appointments and Confirmations.

## How Far the Secrecy of the Peace Congress will be Maintained.

## No Disturbances at the Chicago Socialists' Picnic Yesterday.

## Other Interesting State and Miscellaneous Items.

## THE COMMUNE.

## The Rumors Afloat in Washington—A General Strike on the Day Congress Adjourns.

WASHINGTON, June 16.—A Pennsylvania member of Congress claims to have information through a nephew, who is in the secrets of the railroad employes, that a general strike is meditated for the day on which Congress adjourns unless something is done by Congress to relieve the working classes. This is not believed to be anything more than some vague rumor that has been printed several times. But the workmen of Washington, under the lead of the notorious demagogue, John Pope Hodnett, have been very busy for a week past, and have held a rendezvous at the Capitol steps every evening. Sometimes as 5,000 or 6,000 people have been present, and such demagogues as Wright, of Pennsylvania, and Carter Harrison have made speeches to them. Harrison came in from one of those speeches on Saturday night, when he offered his amendment to the tobacco bill, reviving the income tax.

## THE POTTER FRAUD.

## The Operations of the Committee and Its Expenditures—Another Chance to Investigate.

WASHINGTON, June 16.—It is understood that as soon as the Potter committee has examined ex-Marshall Pitkin, Mrs. Jenks, Mr. Jenks, and other witnesses that are now here, they will adjourn for a recess of two or three weeks, and complete their investigation later in the session. It is safe to say, however, that if Potter adjourns his committee as proposed, he will not get them together again until several members come here next winter to attend the regular session of Congress. Since the passage of the Burchard resolution and the adoption of the report of the Judiciary Committee about the title the inspiration of the committee is gone, and no one, except General Butler seems to take any interest in it. It is a mystery of some significance where the Potter committee gets its funds. It has sent a committee to Florida, it has paid expenses of witnesses from Louisiana, and gone into other expenditures without a cent of money in the treasury, and without any authority of law to expend any, for the appropriation for the committee expenses has not been passed. This is a case which needs Glover's attention. He has spent a great deal of time in finding out that the First National Bank of New York advanced money to pay the expenses of the Louisiana Commission, and it is worth an equal amount of time to know for sure if Tilden is not advancing money for Potter's expenses.

Governor Kellogg has been invited, through a very polite note from Potter, to attend the committee, of which he "has the honor to be chairman," etc. Governor Kellogg responded with an equally polite note, saying that as soon as Congress adjourns he "will do himself the honor of responding to Mr. Potter's polite invitation etc."

## THE CONGRESS.

## How Far Secrecy Will be Maintained—The Latest of the Situation.

BERLIN, June 16.—The engagement entered into by the members of the Congress to preserve secrecy with regard to the proceedings refers only to the formal sessions, and does not affect the pourparlers and private conferences among the plenipotentiaries, at which the subjects for formal discussion will be arranged. It will thus be known in the intervals between the sessions what subjects will be discussed, but the actual incidents will not be known for some time.

## MINISTER NOYES.

## His Arrival in New York—What He Says of McLin and the Vote of Florida.

NEW YORK, June 16.—The Hon. E. F. Noyes, United States Minister to France, arrived in this city last night by the steamer City of Richmond. General Noyes was met on the landing by General Knapp, who was Adjutant General of Ohio during his gubernatorial term, and by several other friends. In conversation with a representative of the Associated Press touching the matter that brought him back at this time, Minister Noyes said: "I went to Florida for no purpose on earth except to ascertain the vote of the State, and to see whether or not the popular vote had been cast for the Republican electors. I stated to the two Republican members of the Canvassing Board that all we wanted was an honest decision. I never

made any promise to McLin, or any other member of the Board, nor did I suggest any possible reward or recognition in case Governor Hayes should be finally declared elected, and so far as McLin is concerned, I never saw him since he left Florida. I was before the vote of Florida had been cast. I am now informed, for the first time, that even McLin does not say I made him any promise. Had I known that he was leaving Paris, I should not have demanded to be subpoenaed, but should have remained in France to attend to my public duties. I do not care to be more specific, as it would, perhaps, be in bad taste, considering I am so soon to give a sworn statement to the committee.

## ISILVER.

## Dissatisfaction at the President's Silver Commission Appointees.

WASHINGTON, June 16.—Dissatisfaction at the appointment of Fenton and Groesbeck on the Silver Commission continues. It is possible that Fenton may be rejected, unless the President should withdraw his name. The silver men are not satisfied with him. They say he has never identified himself with the silver movement, and that he at most is a politician who only seeks the place for political advantage.

The delegation of the Senate Finance Committee which waited upon the President to induce him to withdraw the names of Groesbeck and Fenton as members of the International Monetary Conference was unsuccessful. The President heard their objections but said he could not withdraw their names, and that the Senate must either confirm or reject them. The appointment of Fenton is said to be another effort to play the politician. It is necessary that Fenton should be recognized in some way, and as he could not be made collector of New York, to prevent him from being neglected altogether, he has been given this conspicuous place.

## NOMINATIONS.

WASHINGTON, June 16.—The President nominated E. S. Hammond, of Tennessee, United States District Judge for the Western District of Tennessee; Captain Czar H. Nickerson of the Twenty-third Infantry, Assistant Adjutant General, with rank of major; John S. McCrary, Receiver of Public Money at Norfolk; S. S. Lawson, of Illinois, Indian Agent at Mission Agency, California; Asa D. Baker, New York, at Red Lake Agency, Minnesota; Henry J. King, Minnesota, at Leech Lake Agency, Minnesota; Wm. H. H. Wasson, Illinois, at Flandreau Agency, Dakota.

## CONFIRMATIONS.

WASHINGTON, June 16.—The Senate, in executive session to-day, confirmed Albert H. Leonard United States District Attorney for Louisiana. There was some discussion, but the confirmation was made without a division. The Senate in executive session this evening, confirmed Ernest Dickman, Wisconsin, Minister Resident to the United States of Columbia; L. J. Best, Receiver of Public Money at Kirwin, Kan; Peter A. Gallin, Postmaster at Clearfield, Pa; Frank D. Harding, at Hudson, Wis; Hiram S. Towne, at Ripon, Wis; William S. Clark, at Ottawa, Kan; and Joseph Eppstein, at Booneville, Mo.

## THE SOCIALISTS.

CHICAGO, June 16.—The Socialists held their picnic according to programme to-day, but it was perfectly orderly and peaceful. The procession numbered from 2,000 to 3,000. But few arms were carried, and the police were not called into interference. Workingmen in every part of the city expressed confidence that no serious trouble will occur this year among the labor organizations.

## COMMENCEMENT.

MADISON, June 16.—The Commencement exercises of the State University were opened by the Baccalaureate sermon by President Bascom. The Chamber was crowded to its utmost capacity by students and friends of education.

## EXCURSION.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., June 16.—About one hundred and fifty prominent citizens of Milwaukee, and their guests, leave here at 8 o'clock, on an excursion to Minnesota and Iowa.

## THE WHEAT CROP.

WASHINGTON, June 16.—It is fair to state from reliable data that this year's wheat crop will be \$400,000,000 bushels.

## Score One for Governor Tom Young.

A Washington special to the Cincinnati Enquirer gives the following spicy account of what passed between Governor Tom Young, of Ohio, and General Butler, of the Potter committee room: "The ludicrous feature of to-day's proceedings was to see Governor Tom Young state into the committee's room unbidden, just as it was ready to adjourn. Tom walked over to where Governor Cox sat and shook hands with him, whereas Cox rose with a good deal of dignity and announced that Governor Young was anxious to go home to-night, and learning that he was to be subpoenaed would like to testify forthwith. Chairman Potter asked General Butler if Governor Young was wanted. Then came indeed a scene. Butler sprang quickly to his feet, and turning sharply to Young, looked him strabastically but earnestly in the face, and in an anguished tone said: "I don't want you sir." "But," said Young, "I came here understanding that you did, and I want to leave to-night for Cincinnati to attend to my business, I thought I would come to show you that I had no intention of running away." Butler [disdainfully]—"What made you think we didn't want you, sir?" "Answer me," Young [not at all abashed by Butler's manner]—"I saw a notice in the newspaper this morning to the effect that you would subpoena me to-day, and I thought so, sir." Mr. Butler—"You thought so?" Mr. Young—"That there was what in the investigation, and he ambled quickly out of the room, leaving the spectators to enjoy the fun."

## A PAGE OF SECRET HISTORY.

## How Ex-Confederates Secured the Electoral Count for Hayes.

Washington Correspondence New York Times. Senator Ben Hill, of Georgia, authorizes the statement that in his opinion the Democrats who participated in the Wormley conference could have had no other object in view than a desire to obtain notoriety. So far from having influenced the action of the House, Senator Hill, use almost his own words, said to the Times correspondent: "I am now about to reveal to you the dim outlines of what will some day form one of the most patriotic pages in American history, and after I conclude my brief narrative you will know just how much influence this so-called Wormley conference had in effecting the result of the Electoral count. When the decision of the Electoral Commission in the Florida case became known, I became satisfied that the disputed States would be decided in favor of Hayes, and that the issue would presently confront us would be the legal inauguration of Mr. Hayes as President or another revolution. I consulted with a few ex-Confederates, all members of the House of Representatives, and the situation was thoroughly and earnestly discussed. Not to enter into unnecessary details, we who had just emerged from a ruinous and disastrous war and had experienced its devastating effects—we ex-rebels [determined to prevent a second civil war and spare the country from all the terrible horrors that would attend it. Accordingly forty-two ex-Confederates solemnly pledged themselves to each other upon their sacred honor to oppose all attempts to frustrate the counting of the votes for President and Vice President. We held no caucus nor no meeting. I called upon each gentleman personally and obtained his signature to a paper that I presented to him. We conducted the movement with the greatest caution, for we did not desire our plans should be even suspected. You may judge how well the secret has been kept when it has remained inviolate to this day. Having disclosed these facts, you can now determine what degree of importance to attach to the influence exercised by the Democratic members of the Wormley conference upon the result of the Electoral Count. The forty-two ex-Confederates and pledged themselves to abide by the decision of the Electoral Commission several weeks before the Wormley conference took place, so that, despite the sensational rumors that filled the air toward the close of the count, there never was the remotest possibility of trouble. We held the balance of power and did not propose to permit another war of votes could prevent it."

Being asked for his opinion of the Potter investigation Senator Hill said that he was in favor of eliciting all the facts tending to establish fraud, wherever perpetrated or by whomsoever committed; but there it would end. The Presidential title would not be disturbed, and nothing would be done except what was just and legal. He, personally, did not believe that President Hayes was in any manner connected with any frauds or irregularities. On the contrary, he thought he was an honest, pure and upright man. "If anybody attempts to insinuate a revolution," said Senator Hill, in conclusion, "the ex-rebels will put it down. We will not allow it."

## Incidents of the Demolition of the Moody and Sankey Tabernacle at New Haven.

From the New Haven Register, June 1. The tabernacle is to be torn down immediately, and the "fixtures," the benches and the chairs were announced to be sold this morning at auction at 10 o'clock, and that there would be a private sale earlier in the day. As soon as the building was opened this morning an eager crowd of relic seekers invaded the building and commenced to select the chairs and benches they wanted. After the services closed last evening a lady advanced toward Mr. Pantecost, and asked if she might have the reading of the bible which had been read many times by the biblicists of the revival. She was referred to one of the building committee, and before the audience had all left the building the lady was the happy possessor of the trophy she desired. Outside the tabernacle, this forenoon, everything had the appearance of a market day in a western city. Every description of vehicle could be seen standing in front of the building, and before they left were loaded down with benches or chairs.

The members of the press who have reported the meetings were each remembered by Mr. John G. North, the chairman of the committee on printing, and we were each presented with the chairs which they have used during the revival meetings. The top of the reporters' stand, on which the writing was done, was torn off and presented as a relic by Mr. North. The anxiety of the people to touch the benches and chairs was so great that the auctioneer had to not amount to much, although a few benches were sold by the auctioneer, Mr. Maltby. He offered the benches at as much as five dollars and the prices ranged from thirty-five cents to one dollar. Some persons desired the benches upon which they had sat during most of the meetings, and paid a dollar for their privilege, but a majority of them brought sixty-five cents each. Some of the benches were sawed in two to suit the purchasers. There were some very funny sights to be seen upon the streets. Boys, girls, men and women could be seen lugging home big benches and little benches, pieces of the rail about the speaker's stand, and every conceivable object that they could get to preserve as a relic of the revival. Young men were seen inside the tabernacle clambering around among the timbers, breaking off the electric wires connecting the usher's position in the choir gallery with the different entrances. Some eager relic-hunter was impudent enough to appropriate the high piece of the speaking tube which ran from the main gallery to the Dwight street entrance. This forenoon a young man with a murderous-looking knife was seen working with a vengeance to cut out a part of a rail which surrounded the speaker's position. He had to give up his job, and his strength failed him, and was satisfied to carry off a nail from what was left of the reading desk.

## The Montana Mines.

Correspondence Philadelphia Times. Great as are the agricultural resources of Montana, it is upon her mines she can chiefly pride herself. Certainly it is the richest mineral country in the United States, perhaps in the world. It has simply thousands of good mines, and every day almost new ones are being discovered. The last great find is near Helena, and, as I recently visited it, I will tell your readers about it.

Mr. Nathan Vestal, an old miner, who had mined all over California and Nevada, came to Montana, and after working in various places, last fall opened a shaft on the mountain back of Helena. The mine is at the very crest of the ridge, and the waters flow from it in two ways, some emptying into the Missouri and some into the Columbia; it is therefore on the very divide of the continent, and about twenty miles distant from Helena, now a town of three thousand inhabitants and the capital of the ter-

ritory. The shaft of the mine is thirteen feet deep, sixteen feet long, and fifty-five feet deep. Out of this hole \$70,000 has been taken. The ore is soft, yellow, and very rich. Some of it yields \$800 to the ton, and the best \$1,000 per ton. As far as they have gone down over \$1,000 to each foot sunk has been taken out of a piece of land fifteen feet square. A drift has been run off the main shaft twenty feet and the ore is as good at the end of it as anywhere in the mine. The gold ore in sight, and which can be dug out at any time, is valued at \$250,000. Mr. Vestal recently took some of the ore and run it into a brick or bar. I saw this gold brick and could not lift it. The metal was very yellow and the bar would mint \$4,235 gold dollars. Recently Mr. Vestal sold his mine for \$300,000 to some Chicago gentlemen, but his friends coaxed him to keep it. He gave the Chicago gentlemen a forfeit of \$5,000 to allow him to retain it. Since that time, Mr. William E. Fries, of Detroit, has examined the mine and offered \$400,000 for it, which Mr. Vestal has accepted. The mine is producing about \$1,000 per day in gold bullion. This mine is no better than Mr. Davis' at Butte, from which he is now taking \$1,000 in silver per morning. I think there are many other mines in the territory as good as Mr. Vestal's or Mr. Davis', but they have not yet been developed.

"The gold brick seen by General Brigham is thus described by an exchange: Length, 50 inches; depth, 3 1/4 inches; top breadth, 7 inches; bottom, 6 inches; gold content, 315 ounces, 228; weight, 3,359 96-100 ounces; value in gold, \$3,328.50; value in silver, \$972.32; total, \$4,300.82. The bar has been sent to New York to the Koutz Brothers, Bankers.—Ed.

## GENERAL NOTES.

Still another Wisconsin baby has been born with three legs. Talmadge's salary will be reduced if competition keeps on in his way.—New York Herald.

Akron, Ohio, has a population of 17,000, and does not owe one dollar.

The late frost killed all the old stove pipe in the New Jersey gardens.—New York Herald.

Eugene Schuyler says New York is dirtier than any city in the world except Constantinople.

The woman who maketh a good pudding in silence is better than she who maketh a tart reply.—Exchange.

The Hawkeye, of Burlington tells of a tramp who asked for a loaf of bread, a plate of potatoes and a round of beef, "to fill a long fat want."

At a recent tin pan serenade to a newly married couple in New Jersey, the bridegroom climbed up the chimney, but the bride didn't dare to follow suit.—Turner Falls Reporter.

John O'Connor, the ex-convict, who was expelled from the Ohio legislature, has his revenge by lecturing on the subject, "From the prison to the capital," descending scale.—Detroit Free Press.

"Any new or fresh this morning?" a reporter asked in a railroad office. "Yes," replied the lone occupant of the apartment. "What is it?" queried the reporter, whipping out his note-book. Said the railroad man edging toward the door, "That point you are leaning against." Such are the loads a newspaper man must bear.

There is Trouble in Store For those who neglect to rectify irregularities of the stomach, liver, and bowels, which they foolishly imagine will "come right of themselves."

Of this silly error such persons are usually disabused by the development of some serious chronic malady, traceable to what they were pleased to consider a trifling disorder of the above named accessory organs. Such a culmination is easily avoided. A course of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters invariably has the effect of renewing the secretive action of a torpid liver, restoring healthy digestion and assimilation, and rendering the habit of body perfectly regular. The activity of these all important functions being restored, and the entire system toned and regulated by this incomparable corrective and invigorant, no danger to the general health is to be apprehended from causes which, if not eradicated in time, will assuredly undermine it. Jnl0decdw1w

## AMUSEMENTS.

Coming with the Best in the World  
Myers Opera House!  
One Night Only.

TUESDAY EVENING, JUNE, 18th, '78

J. H. HAVERLY'S

Original and Famous New Orleans

MINSTRELS!

J. H. HAVERLY, Sole Proprietor,  
WM. FOOTE, Jr., Manager.

SEVEN GREAT COMEDIANS,  
MARSH ADAMS, PETE MALONE, GEO. EDWARDS, BEN BROWN, ROB HOULY, JOHN LEE, JIM ADAMS.

The Favorite Female Impersonator,  
G. BURT SHEPARD!

The Famous New Orleans Quintette,  
JOE GORTON'S ORCHESTRA!

And the Original

4 GRE T FOUR 4

ROOLEY and THOMPSON,  
ADAMS and LEE.

Admission, 25, 50 and 75 Cents. Reserved seats for sale at Mosley's.

Jnl4dd4

## Co-Partnership Notice!

A co-partnership has this day been formed between Bassett, Bliss, & Echlin, and E. W. Hill, for the manufacture of Armco and Colored Sheet Steels, under the firm name of Bassett, Bliss & Echlin.

BASSETT, BLISS & ECHLIN,  
E. W. HILL,  
Janesville, Wis., June 1, 1878. Jnl7dd4

## BOARD OF REVIEW.

Notice is hereby given that the Board of Review of the city of Janesville, will meet at the City Clerk's office on Monday, the 18th day of June, 1878, at 9 o'clock a. m. for the purpose of reviewing the assessment of said city for the year 1878.

J. M. BURTON,  
City Clerk.  
Janesville, Wis., June 17th, 1878. Jnl7dd4

## For Sale!

A GOOD SAFE

At the Gazette Counting Room.

## MISCELLANEOUS.

Mrs. KATE HEITMANN,  
Mid-Wife,

Is a Regular Graduate of the  
St. Louis Eclectic Medical College.

CUPPING AND VACCINATING.  
No. 13, Locust Street, Janesville, Wis.  
Jnl5dd4w

## Notice to Stockholders

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Merchants' & Mechanics' Savings Bank, will be held at the office of the Bank on Tuesday, July 9th, 1878, at 4 o'clock p. m. for the purpose of electing directors and officers for the ensuing year.  
H. G. REICHWALD,  
Cashier.  
Jnl10dd4m

## Heating &amp; Ventilation

FIRST CENTENNIAL EXHIBITION  
Boynton's Furnaces

For Hard or Soft Coal or Wood.  
75 Styles and Sizes.

30,000 IN USE.

RICHARDSON, BOYNTON & CO.,  
MANUFACTURERS,

84 Lake St., Chicago, Ills.

For Sale by G. M. HANCHETT.

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## SAFETY LAMP. COMMON LAMP.

The picture on the right fairly illustrates one of the many accidents daily happening with common lamps. No family using the ordinary Kerosene lamp is safe against such accidents. The picture on the left shows the different result when the AUTOMATIC SAFETY LAMP is used. No father or mother should risk the lives of their children by using any other. It saves life and prevents accident by fire to person or property sold by dealers everywhere. Send for circular.  
HARRIS & SMITH,  
Manufacturers Janesville, Wis.  
Jnl3doeeaw6mo

## ALL READY!

FOR

## Spring Trade!

My Stock of

Foreign and Domestic Cloths

GENT'S

Furnishing Goods

HATS and CAPS,

Trunks and Traveling Bags is

Complete.

Call and See MY NEW PRICES.

J. L. FORD.

SHIRT PATTERNS

CUT TO ORDER. PRICE 50 CENTS.

Jnl7dd4w1v

## May the Best Win!

John H. Wingate has secured the Agency of the

ADAMS & WESTLAK WIRE GAUZE

NON EXPLOSIVE

## Oil Stove!

Which has been tested by three eminent Chemists, in Chicago, and pronounced absolutely safe under any and all circumstances, and is the only

OIL STOVE

Recommended by the Board of Underwriters.

This is the most expensive and the

Highest Priced Stove in the Market!

But it shall sell as low as any First Class Stove, and I invite all interested to call in and examine it.

## Oil Stoves

Are not now an experiment, being known by the public to be superior to Wood or Coal







# SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE FOR CATARRH

A purely vegetable distillation entirely unlike all other remedies.

The preparation of this remarkable remedy is a purely vegetable distillation, whereby the essential medicinal principle is extracted from the leaves of the Catarrh plant, and is so refined and purified that it is entirely free from all impurities, and is a purely vegetable distillation, entirely unlike all other remedies.

# SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE

For local and constitutional remedy, and is applied to the nasal passages by insufflation, thus allowing the medicine to reach the seat of the disease, and is so refined and purified that it is entirely free from all impurities, and is a purely vegetable distillation, entirely unlike all other remedies.

Surprising Cure. - About twelve years ago, while traveling with Father Kemp's Old Folks Concert Troupe as a singer, I took a severe cold, and was laid up at Newark, N. J. I was treated by a doctor, but the cold would not leave me, and I was finally cured by the use of Sanford's Radical Cure for Catarrh.

Waltham, Mass., Jan. 1898.

# COLLINS' TAG PLASTER

An Electro-Galvanic Battery combined with a highly medicated plaster containing the choicest medicinal gums and balsams known to modern pharmacy.

Collins' Voltaic Plaster. - This plaster has now been before the public for two years, and notwithstanding the immense number of remedies in the form of plasters, it has steadily increased in sale and met with universal approval, as evidenced by the fact that it has been used by thousands of people in all parts of the United States, and is now being used by thousands of people in all parts of the United States.

# PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

W. M. SMITH, M. D., PHILADELPHIA. - Collections made, loans negotiated, mortgages, etc.

Dr. Clara L. Northington. - (A graduate of the Woman's Medical College, Chicago) respectfully offers her services to the people of Janesville and vicinity.

J. H. BALCH, Justice of the Peace. - Conveyancing promptly attended to.

ELDRIDGE & FETHERS, LAWYERS. - Office in Smith & Jackson's Block, Janesville, Wis.

GEO. H. MCCAUSEY, SURGEON DENTIST. - Office in Tallman's Block, opposite First National Bank, West Milwaukee, Wis.

Abstracts of Title. - At the office of Register of Deeds.

Dr. M. A. NEWMAN, Dental Surgeon. - Office in Smith & Jackson's Block, opposite the postoffice, Janesville.

Cassoday & Carpenter. - ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW. - Office, corner Main and Milwaukee streets, in Lippin's block, JANESVILLE, WIS.

PIANO-FORTE REPAIRING! - Mr. G. W. HERSEE. - 15 N. PREPARED TO DO ALL KINDS of Piano-Forte Repairing, such as Re-tuning, Re-polishing, etc.

Benedit Arnold's Wooden Leg. - The wooden leg used by Benedit Arnold, the notorious man of Revolutionary War fame, is now the property of Dr. Jerome White, a resident of Boston, Massachusetts, who received it from a man on

his death-bed, who confessed that one of his relations had robbed Arnold's grave, and that the wooden leg had been taken from the coffin after the death of the man.

Vegetine. - Is recommended by all PHYSICIANS. - VALLEY STREET, QUEEN'S CO., LONG ISLAND, N. Y.

A Woman's Plaster in the Pious-Sons as Embellizers and "Soiled Doves" as an Outcome-Dividends-Billion Shipments.

Waltham, Mass., Jan. 1898.

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Waltham, Mass., Jan. 1898.

MONDAY, JUNE 17, 1898.

MINING STOCK.

The evidences are, that to gamble in some form is a passion innate in the average human heart, and that it would seem as though the experience at the San Francisco stock boards for the last two or three years would have been quite sufficient to have rendered those temples of speculation empty and voiceless.

Notwithstanding the disasters which have befallen the gamblers, there has been no diminution of the crowd, which have thronged their purities and their lobbies. True, there have been constant changes in the personnel of these chance devotees from various causes.

Bankruptcy, or insanity, or sickness, or incarceration in the State Prison, or suicide, or natural death, has continually been drawing from their ranks, but notwithstanding all this the great army of gamblers in stocks carries a fuller roll-call to-day than ever.

Every post made vacant in the ranks is speedily filled by some recruit who feels equally confident with his predecessor that "this time" a million of dollars will be his.

The gamblers are, of course, not the same as the gamblers of old. The gamblers of old were the gamblers of the manipulators, who dealt the cards and held the trump.

The gamblers of to-day are the gamblers of the gamblers, who deal the cards and hold the trump. The gamblers of to-day are the gamblers of the gamblers, who deal the cards and hold the trump.

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MONDAY, JUNE 17, 1878.

## CITY AND COUNTY.

## BRIEFLETS.

—Last week of school.

—Where are all the boat races?

—The thermometer is rising in the world.

—Green apples will soon make the population double up.

—Mr. N. A. Wheeler has occasion to feel happy. A girl. Came Friday night.

—Rev. Mr. Roberts' farewell gathering of friends at the Baptist church to-night.

—We haven't seen any of those strawberries, measuring five inches in diameter, yet.

—"How to be Plump." Every lean person should have one. For sale at all book-stores.

—The Institution for the Blind closes its year's work to-morrow, and all hands are busy packing up for vacation.

—The Board of Review, to inspect the assessment for 1878, will meet next Monday morning at the office of the City Clerk.

—Remember the Musical City to-night at 8 o'clock, in Miss Battle's room. The programme is extraordinarily interesting and ought to draw a large audience.

—Spooner White has been awarded the contract for clearing off the cob-webs and dirt which have accumulated around the postoffice, and will probably commence on his work to-morrow.

—Mrs. George Pattee, of Fond du Lac, better known perhaps among her Janesville friends by her maiden name, Miss Kittie Seaver, is visiting in the city, and a guest of Mr. and Mrs. Ed. F. Carpenter.

—We were the recipients to-day of a bouquet from the garden of Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Davies, containing twenty-four different kinds of roses. Their garden contains over forty varieties of roses, many of them being rare.

—Rev. T. P. Sawin, of the Congregational church, and Rev. L. N. Wheeler, of Court Street Methodist church, exchanged pulpits yesterday morning. Both sermons are highly spoken of by those who heard them.

—Miss Fox played the organ at the Baptist church yesterday in the absence of Miss Battle who is visiting Chicago. Mr. Frank Finsterbach was also added to the choir, and his rich basso added much to the musical interest of the services.

—Appleton's Journal for July is upon our table. It contains a more than usual amount of interesting and profitable reading matter. Albert Rhodes starts a new story entitled "A Bit of Nature," and other contributions make the number one of true merit.

—Mr. French Earl, of Turtle, who lately swore out a warrant before Justice Wickham, charging a neighbor named J. P. Fonda, with assault, is reported to be very dangerously ill, and the case has been continued until there is some change in his condition.

—Saturday a Beloit named Buckridge, came to Janesville to show the folks here how to walk fifty miles. He failed to draw a crowd, gave up the task and returned to his home. Janesville has had its fill of pedestrianism, and won't even turn out to see an imported article.

—Rev. Jenk. L. Jones preached a sermon yesterday, on the life, character and works of the late William Cullen Bryant. It called forth many commendatory remarks from those who listened to it. It was a carefully prepared discourse, and of peculiar interest at this time.

—An eighteen-year old boy named Billy Farrell is charged by Mrs. Anna Brown with having assaulted her with a club. The scene of the battle-field was that on which old Black Hawk wielded the tomahawk. Billy was brought in Saturday night before Justice Baich, and the case continued until next Thursday.

—Mr. Duncan, of Duncan Brothers Chicago, called at the sanatorium to-day. They are the publishers of "How to be Plump," a talk on physiological feeding by T. C. Duncan M. D. Everybody who wants to have more flesh should read it. They also publish the "Medical Investigator" a semi-monthly journal of medical science. Their works are meeting with rapid sales.

—To-night at the Baptist church parlors there will be a reception, at which the friends of Mr. Roberts are invited to be present, and at which there will be an opportunity to exchange good-bye shakes with him. The occasion promises to be an interesting one, and will doubtless be largely attended by his many friends and acquaintances. His family will leave Wednesday next, and Mr. Roberts will leave soon after.

—Mrs. Kennedy, of Lawrence, Illinois, came to this city last week to have a very difficult and rarely successful surgical operation performed, it being the removal of the left half of the lower jaw, a cancerous growth the only chance for life. Dr. Palmer successfully accomplished the task last Friday, removing one half of the jaw entirely. He was assisted by Dr. King, Dr. Barrows and Dr. Whiting. The lady is still in the city and is to-day reported as getting along even better than was anticipated.

—Remember Haverley's Minstrels to-morrow night at the Opera house. There will be fun and frolic for all, and some choice music. Benjamin the cornetist who can climb up to the fifth added line on the treble staff, will be there. George Edwards and Pete Malone, who are immense, will be there, and those who do not go will miss a treat. Mr. Hooley stakes his reputation on keeping only first class shows on the road, and will doubtless sustain it by the troupe that comes here to-morrow night. It does a man good to shake up his buttons by a laugh once in a while, and now that a good chance is presented to drive dull care away it will probably be generally improved.

## STAND FROM UNDER.

W. S. Bennett & Co., the hardware men, have just put in their summer stock, of the Kelley bar wire, and it is a stock, sure. It only weighs 30,000 pounds and will make 30,000 rods of fence. If any one doubts this let them look in upon the pile.

## PARTING WITH A PASTOR.

Rev. W. S. Roberts Bids Good-Bye to His Parishioners—An Appropriate Close to a Successful Pastorate.

There was a large attendance at the Baptist church last evening, to listen to the farewell sermon of Rev. W. S. Roberts, who will this week leave for Philadelphia, to begin his work as pastor of Spruce street church. There were present last evening representatives of almost every religious belief, indicative of the respect held among all classes for Mr. Roberts.

He chose as his text, second Corinthians, 13:11; "Finally, brethren, fare well. Be perfect, be of good comfort, be of one mind, live in peace, and the God of love and peace shall be with you." Mr. Roberts said that farewell remarks always linked the memories of the past with the hopes of the future, though spoken in the present. He did not care to bring forth statistics to show the amount of the work which he had done during the three years he had been here. The work showed for itself, and spoke for itself. An architect would not in pointing out the beauties of his building, speak so much of the number of days he had worked upon it, or the material he had used, but would simply point to the building and let its beauties or its defects speak for themselves. Every Christian minister was an architect, and the work speaks for itself. It was difficult too, to estimate the work done, for while every pastor's part of the building stood by itself, somewhat distinct, yet in estimating material things, great errors crept in, how much more erroneous would the estimation be of work done for men's souls? Three years ago last Sunday he came to this church, and well he remembered how, when the invitation came and he was called upon to decide whether to come to Janesville or not, he shrank from undertaking so great an enterprise, and felt strongly in favor of accepting another field of work, but one of his teachers, a reverend doctor, advised him by all means to go to Janesville, and presented arguments showing why he deemed it best. After finishing the consultation the doctor remarked in a happy and rather facetious way, "Well, William, if you decide not to go to Janesville, and you seek another field, I want you to remember after three years are past, how you have obeyed instructions?" The reasons presented by his friend and instructor prevailed, and now that three years have passed the question came home to him with peculiar force. He was glad that he had come here, and the memories of the three years were pleasant ones. He had seen and felt God's guidance and protection in them.

The relation between pastor and people was a peculiarly tender one. It was a type of the relationship existing between the Great Shepherd and his flock. He had severed his official relationship to this church, but it was only one of the many dearer ties which still remained. He had been with them in their struggles, and the same strong ties which make the soldiers become lasting friends by fighting in the same battles and under the same flag, made pastor and people stronger friends because the work in which they were engaged was holier and more worthy, and the work in which they were engaged was not limited by death, for the ties reached beyond the river.

Mr. Roberts then touchingly alluded to those who had died during his pastorate, they being eleven in number, seven of whom had passed away during the past year. He gave a heartfelt tribute to each. In closing he urged the church to strive after perfection, to work untiringly for the upbuilding of the cause, and whenever they found a man whom they deemed was sent by God to them, to not only vote for him, but to work with him, to rally around him, and help him in all ways, and that by so doing "the God of love and peace shall be with you."

The sermon was one of the best which Mr. Roberts ever preached here, and was listened to attentively by all. The choir in closing sang "The Sweet By and By," and the doxology, after which the benediction was pronounced.

## HYMNICAL.

ELDRIDGE—HUNTER. A quiet wedding took place this morning at the residence of Rev. T. P. Sawin. The contracting parties were B. B. Eldridge, Esq., and Miss Mary A. Hunter. The happy couple left on the noon train expecting to make an extended trip through the East, visiting Mrs. Eldridge's brothers and other relatives in Massachusetts and New York. We extend our hearty congratulations to the newly wedded pair, and wish them a prosperous journey and safe return.

BREAKING THE BALLS. Another glass-ball shoot took place Saturday afternoon the distance being twenty-one yards. The following are the scores:

FIRST SHOOT.

Valentine	1011011011-7
Fenner	0111101011-7
Williams	1110110111-8
Standard	1110110111-8
Shaller	1010110111-8
Comstock	1010110111-8
Lackner	1010110111-8

SECOND SHOOT.

Williams	1110111111-9
Valentine	1110111111-9
Shaller	0111101111-8
Comstock	0111101111-8
Standard	0111101111-8
Fenner	0111101111-8
Lackner	0111101111-8

THIRD SHOOT.

Valentine	1111110111-9
Comstock	1111110111-9
Shaller	0111101111-8
Williams	0111101111-8
Fenner	0111101111-8
Standard	0111101111-8
Lackner	0111101111-8

Valentine and Comstock then shot two matches at same distance, ten balls, resulting as follows:

FIRST MATCH.

Comstock	1111111101-9
Valentine	1011011011-7

SECOND MATCH.

Comstock	1111110101-7
Valentine	1101011101-6

## THE WEATHER.

The thermometer at 7 o'clock this morning stood at 71 degrees above zero, and at 2 o'clock at 74 degrees above. Clear.

The indications are, for the upper Mississippi valley and the upper lake region, rising barometer, north to east winds, cooler, and generally clear and partly cloudy weather, followed in the former and western portion of the latter by falling barometer.

## A ROCKFORD ROOSTER.

He Crows Over the Water Works of His City and Tells Some of Their Defects—The Fire Lads Show Him How to Hitch Up in a Hurry.

Saturday evening a gentleman connected with the Rockford fire department stepped into one of our engine houses to see the boys "hitch up." He introduced himself by walking around the engine, and remarking "We can draw that machine out in our little town." This remark brought up one of the boys, holding a ninety-two cent silver piece in his palm.—"For how much, Captain?" asking hands, the Janesville boy asked—"Where are you from?" "Rockford!" was the answer.

Janesville—"You have the Holly Water Works, and of course can throw more water than we."

Rockford—"Yes, sir—They are a 'big thing' in a small city."

Janesville—"We are agitating the building of Water Works here, and if we succeed we will be even with you."

Rockford—"What kind of works will the city put in?"

Janesville—"It is not yet determined, but the proposition now being considered is for direct pressure, similar to that in Rockford. How do your works operate at fires, and what is the capacity as compared with one of our steamers?"

Rockford—"They are immense at fires, always ready. Our works will do the work of two such engines as this."

Janesville—"No more! We have been told that these works would put from seven to ten streams on the Myers House any of which would equal one stream from the engine."

Rockford—"That is not so. They can do it. We can discount you and more on one stream—the boys would laugh at you as compared with the Holly—but when we put on two streams, it weakens our pressure and your one stream will about equal our two in distance, but when we add another we will be as far behind you as you were with the single stream—each additional stream on our works weakens the pressure and lessens the distance thrown. We had a practical test of this last summer. The boys from Aurora came to see us. Their engine is the same as yours. We overhauled it gave it to them on one stream, then we put on two streams, they still playing one, and our two was thrown about 4 or 6 feet further than theirs—all pipes the same, but when we put on the third stream they beat us bad. We have seven hose and two hook and ladder companies, besides two hand engines in reserve, in our department; each company consists of 25 men."

Janesville—"Do you have any difficulty with pipes bursting at fires?"

Rockford—"Yes, very frequently the pipes are thrown out of the ground by the sudden letting out of the pressure at the works. But this is principally the fault of the engineer at the works. We are like all other cities. Politics run the works. We first paid our engineers \$1,200 per year. The tidal wave of reform struck us, and the salary was cut down to \$1,000, then to \$800, then to \$700, the engineers being changed at each cut down, and now it is thought that engineers can be had for \$600 per year. The lower the salary the more pipes are burst, and we apprehend that when they get a \$600 man to run the engines he will take a contract to lift all the pipes out, instead of giving us a steady pressure of water. You see the most of our trouble is from this cause. If you put in a reservoir you avoid bursting of pipes, as the pressure is the same all the time—no sudden pulsations of the pump and consequently no jerking of the pipes."

The time having arrived for the company drill, the Rockford gentleman was invited to keep time, and he reported as follows:

From stable—30 seconds.]

The time was actually about 8½ seconds, but it being the first time the Rockford chap had witnessed a drill of the kind, he was off guard.

Second hitch—From stable—6½ seconds. Third hitch—From stable—5½ seconds. Fourth hitch—At pole—1½ seconds.

The time-keeper said that was good enough—thanked the boys for attentions shown; and said if any of the Janesville boys ever visited Rockford, they would find the "latch string" out, and all they would have to do would be to make themselves known.

LOOK OUT FOR THE FOURTH. The Fourth of July is coming and of course everybody wants to dress up in their best. Those who have no "best" should improve the opportunity offered by M. C. Smith & Son, who are now selling clothing at fabulously low prices. Read their advertisement as published in another column. They make some statements there of interest to all, and if you want a real nobby suit, give them a call. They are constantly getting in new goods and have many novelties in gents' furnishings goods also. They are keeping prices close to the bottom on all their goods.

BASE BALL. The Chicagoans defeated the Milwaukeeans on Saturday by a score of 12 to 2.

The Bostonians defeated the Indianapolis nine by a score of 7 to 4.

The Cincinnatians beat the Providence club 11 to 3.

In the league contest the Cincinnatians still lead, having won 15 games and lost 5, while the Providence club stand at the bottom, having won 5 and lost 11. The clubs rank as follows: Cincinnatians, Boston, Chicago, Indianapolis, Milwaukee, and Providence.

DIRTY DOINGS. Yesterday afternoon some evil-minded despoilers entered the High School building through a window, and committed a number of dastardly tricks, tipping over ink-bottles, writing and drawing obscene characters on the board, and most slanderous comments about some of the young misses who attend that school. The drawers in the teacher's tables were ransacked, and everything strewn about in disorder. The authorities are on the track of the perpetrators of this senseless derelict, and it is expected that the lightning will fall where it is the least

expected. If the proofs seem as conclusive on further investigation as they seem at present, some of the young men in this city will find the place uncomfortably close for them, and if the names are exposed, as they probably will be, and legal steps taken to secure punishment, the city will have a lively mess of gossip, mingled with some sensation.

## BRYANT'S BELIEF.

Rev. Mr. Clithero made a statement yesterday in regard to the late William Cullen Bryant, which will prove of interest to all those who have concerned themselves in regard to Mr. Bryant's religious belief. In speaking of the hymn written by Mr. Bryant, which was so generally quoted and sung yesterday in all the churches, he called special attention to the verse reading as follows:

Deem not that they are blest alone,  
Whose days a peaceful tenor keep,  
Whose God loves our race has shown  
A blessing for the eyes that weep.

He remarked that Bryant had sent a request to the publishers of the new Methodist hymn and tune book, that in their revision they should alter the third line so that the verse would read:

"Deem not that they are blest alone,  
Whose days a peaceful tenor keep,  
God's own anointed Son has shown  
A blessing for the eyes that weep."

The statement was made that this verse will appear in the new book thus changed at Mr. Bryant's own request. If this is a fact it shows he must have held a different belief in regard to the divinity of Christ than that which many suppose.

## TURTLE'S TOWN HOUSE.

Another Exciting Meeting by Which the Site of the New Building is Fixed as Before—An Appeal to the Supreme Court.

A struggle has been going on in the Town of Turtle for about two months ago concerning the building of a town hall. In April at the regular town meeting a vote was taken, which resulted in the decision that the building should be erected in the geographical center of the township, which will make the site near the farm of Mr. William Gates. The people of Shopiere, which has been the usual meeting point, objected to this, and claimed that the meeting was not properly called, and that they had no knowledge, before the meeting, of their purpose to vote on the question. Upon the complaint of A. H. Loucks, and H. L. Shoemaker, an injunction was issued to restrain the supervisors from contracting for a site and building. It was brought before Judge Conger, and A. A. Jackson appeared for the complainants and J. B. Casaday for the Supervisors. The court dissolved the injunction, but the Shopiere folks have appealed the case to the Supreme Court. Last Friday Turtle held another large and excited town meeting to settle the question, and decided by a formal vote to build the town house in the place agreed upon at the first meeting, it being the geographical center of the township. The appeal on the injunction case will not probably reach a hearing in the Supreme Court until the January term.

## CITY NOTICES.

Spalding's Glue, up to the sticking point.

Persons wishing to purchase anything in White Goods should call on Mr. Farnsworth, at Wingate's crockery store, No. 39 West Milwaukee street. He is selling Victoria Lawns, Swiss and Brook Muslins, Plain, Checked and Striped Jaconets, French Mulls, Piques, Tullians &c., &c., at from 25 to 50 per cent. less than wholesale prices, also Ladies White and Linen Suits. Call and see them.

## LOCAL MATTERS.

Ladies and Gents will always find the nicest and cheapest Boot and Shoe Stationery in the city and Sutherland's Bookstore, No. 29 Main street.

Travelers often wonder why their fellow-travelers are so fond in their praise of the Colonnade Hotel, Philadelphia, but, after a visit themselves, they are satisfied of its famous excellence.

Time is money, but health is happiness. If you have a bad Cold or Cough use Dr. Marshall's Lung Syrup, it will cure you, 25 cents a bottle, large size 50 cents. Sold by E. B. Heimstreet.

Dr. Marshall's Lung Syrup has eminently proved to be a safe, reliable, and cheap remedy for Coughs, Colds, etc. Try it. Price only 25 cents a bottle. Sold by E. B. Heimstreet.

Dunbar's Wonderful Discovery.—Bethesda Water, the acknowledged cure of Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Kidney Affections of all natures and kinds, Dropsy, Incontinence of Urine, Bilious Affections, Dyspepsia and Gouty Swellings. E. B. HEIMSTREET, Sole Agent for this City.

An Undeniable Truth. You deserve to suffer, and if you lead a miserable, unsatisfactory life in this beautiful world, it is entirely your own fault and there is only one excuse for you,—your unreasonable prejudice and skepticism, which has killed thousands. Personal knowledge and common sense reasoning, will soon show you that Green's Anagion-Flower will cure you of Liver Complaint, or Dyspepsia, with all its miserable effects, such as sick headache, palpitation of the heart, sour stomach, habitual constiveness, dizziness of the head, nervous prostration, low spirits, &c. Its sales reach every town on the Western Continent and not a Druggist but will tell you of its wonderful cures. You can buy a Sample Bottle for 10 cents. Three doses will relieve you. dec'deod-wewom

The Boss Insurance Agency. Dimock & Hayner are agents for the oldest and strongest American and English Fire Insurance Companies. Among the list are such companies as the Old Stone and Phoenix, of Hartford, the Home, Continental and Westchester, of New York, the Insurance Company of North America, Fire Association, Girard, American, Pennsylvania, and Franklin, of Philadelphia. The Liverpool and London and Globe, Imperial and Northern, and Commercial Union of England, and the Western Assurance and British America, of Canada, and others.

You can now get insurance in the above well known companies at the lowest possible figures. This being the case it would seem useless to throw away money upon weak and unknown companies. Get the best at the best rates. jtdw

## A Pardonable Pride.

Prompt most people to delay, by any laudable means that science affords, the evidences of physical decay. Who that is in perfect health would not match the bright eye, the active mind, and other appearances of youthful vigor, with the luxuriance, the rich color and beauty of youthful hair? Parker's Hair Balsam stands pre-eminent as an elegant hair dressing, and by its healthful action on the roots not only promotes a luxuriant growth of the young hair, but unfailingly restores gray or faded hair to the original youthful color, giving a soft, rich and lustrous appearance of great beauty. No other preparation so effectively removes dandruff or stops falling of the hair; its cooling and healing action entirely curing itching and humors of the scalp, and keeping the skin clean, white and healthy. It is perfectly harmless, exquisitely perfumed, and contains nothing that will soil the skin or gum the hair. It is not a dye, and is unequalled for excellence and purity. Buy a bottle from your druggist. A. J. Roberts, Janesville, Wis., and test its merits. ap2dawewwllljunc30

## "Dobbins' Electric Soap."

Having obtained the agency of this celebrated Soap for Janesville and vicinity, I append the opinion of some of our best people to its merits. I have washed with "Dobbins' Electric Soap" made by L. L. Cragin & Co., Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, and pronounce it the best soap I have ever used. The rapidity and ease with which it enables one to do one's washing is really surprising. Boiling the clothes is entirely unnecessary and no rubbing is needed. I would not be without it. NELLIE KENNISTON.

I have no hesitation in saying that no house-keeper should be without Dobbins' Electric Soap. I can heartily recommend it, it is a charm in the wash tub. ELIZA P. LELAND.

As a time, labor and money saving article, I take pleasure in recommending Dobbins' Electric Soap to my neighbors. It promises wonders and does all it promises. MARY YONAMAS.

I take pleasure in calling attention to the testimonials, as we have just made arrangements with the manufacturers in Philadelphia, so that we can supply the trade at the lowest Philadelphia price. GEORGE W. HAWES, Sole Agent.

## MARRIED.

SHERWIN—THAYER. In the town of Janesville, Wis., June 17th, 1878, at the residence of the bride's father, Lindley M. Thayer, by the Rev. W. C. Whitford, Rev. JOHN C. SHERWIN, of Menomonie, Wis., and Miss ELIZABETH B. THAYER, of the former place.

ELDRIDGE—HUNTER. In this city, June 17th, 1878, by Rev. T. P. Sawin, B. B. Eldridge, Esq., and Miss MARY A. HUNTER.

## MILWAUKEE GRAIN MARKET.

MILWAUKEE, June 15  
Flour—Dull and unchanged.  
Wheat—Firm; opened 1½ cent lower; closed firmer; No 1 Milwaukee hard 1 02; No 1 Milwaukee 98½ cents; No 2 Milwaukee, 95½ cents; June 90½ cents; July 93½ cents; August 95½ cents; No 3 Milwaukee at 86 cents.

CORN—No 2 35½c  
OATS—No 2 23½c  
RYE—No 1 53c  
BARLEY—No 2 spring 62c  
PORK—mess 57½c cash  
LARD—prime steam 6 75c  
CATTLE—Range at 14 to 25, 450 according to quality and grade.  
DRESSED HOGS—35  
SHEEP—Range at 12 to 25 according to condition and weight.

SEEDS—Timothy 1 05; 115; fax 1 25½; clover 42  
BEANS—1 60  
BUTTER—Range from 9 34½c  
EGGS—9 25½c fresh.  
LARD—57½c  
HONEY—for comb, 11 13½; for strained, 9 30c.

WOOL—Washed 52½c; unwashed 19½c tub washed 37 30; pulled 52 27.  
TALLOW—74½c  
HOPS—New 2 26c, old 2c.

## Chicago Market.

Chicago, June 15  
Flour—the sales on Saturday, amounted to 45 barrels of white winter extras; 330 bags and 45 barrels of spring extras, and 100 barrels of spring extras. The trade is still limited, and the general market was quiet, with prices almost nominal.

Wheat—The changes in the ruling prices on Saturday were again in favor of the bear interest. As on the preceding days of the week, the market, under the influence of fine weather for farmers, favorable crop prospects, and a general depression in the trade was easily controlled, and prices, as compared with the closing quotations on Friday, suffered a decline of 10 34½c on cash, 14½c on the option seller July and 1½c on the option seller August. No 2 93 cents, seller June 93½c; seller July 94½c; seller August 95½c; June closed at 95 cents.

CORN—35½c cash;  
OATS—23½c cash;  
RYE—No 2, 52½c  
BARLEY—New No 2 45c  
PORK—cash 57 30½c  
LARD—prime steam 6 75c  
LIVE HOGS—35 34½c according to grade.  
WHEAT—1 05  
HOPS—9 10 34c  
HONEY—1 25c  
SUGAR—Granulated, 10 10½c; Standard A 9 50½c  
CHEESE—7 75c 6 60c according to quality.

EGGS—Fresh 9 40c  
BUTTER—16 25c 12 25c according to quality  
POULTRY—turkeys 5 50c; chickens at 2 50 3 00 per dozen.  
TALLOW—6 25c No 1  
BEANS—Good mediums 11 60 11 65 per bushel; and cavy 1 80 1 85  
BROOM CORN—5 40 4 45c, according to quality.

FEATHERS—Prime live geese, 42 44c; live duck, 25c  
WOOL—Washed 30 25c; unwashed 18 20c; tub washed, fair to good, 34 25c

## New York Grain and Produce Market.

New York, June 15  
Flour—the market for state and western was dull and depressed; there was no decided change in prices, and shipping extra was quoted at 4 10 4 20; sales 500 barrels.

Wheat—dull and 1 42 cents lower; sales on spot of 75,000 bushels, including No 2 Chicago and No 2 Milwaukee, at 96, and steamer No 2 number at 11; account call 8,000 bushels No 2 spring for July at 1 03½; No 2 spring for June at 1 04 1 05; No 2 northwestern for June at 1 04 1 05; do July 1 02 1 03; No 2 red winter for June at 1 00 1 11½; No 2 do July 1 07 1 08 bid and asked.

COTTON—Memphis quotation at 10 11 11½  
CORN—43½c western;  
OATS—24 34½c white western  
RYE—western 45c  
BARLEY—35c  
PORK—9 62 10 mess  
LARD—7 05 7 07½c  
HAY—Shipping 45 55c  
CORN MEAL—2 15 2 35

WHISKY—@ 1 08½  
SUGAR—firm but quiet; refined 9 25c  
MOLASSES—New Orleans 7 75c  
PETROLEUM—7 75c crude; refined 11 14c  
LEATHER—19 25c  
ROBIN—47 50 58c  
WOOL—domestic, fleece 28 25c; pulled 18 40c  
TAXES 12 35c; unwashed 10 30c

## New York Money Market.

New York, June 15  
Money; @ 95 per cent.  
Sterling exchange \$4.84½ long; 4.86½ short  
Gold 100½  
Silver 40 11 cent discount  
Government weak  
State bonds steady  
Stocks weak

## Phonograph! AND THE TELEPHONE!

Both Great Discoveries, but discovered by only two men. But a great discovery and concerning more people in this immediate vicinity is the fact that the entire population of Rock County have discovered that

Smith & Bostwick

ARE SELLING—

DRY GOODS AND CARPETS!

Cheaper than any house in the State. And to prove this fact we will give you a few of the leading articles in our Stock that they have discovered cheap.

They Have Discovered That you can get More Goods for One Dollar than at any time in the history of Janesville in our Store.

THEY HAVE DISCOVERED That they can get as good an assortment to pick from as at any store in or out of the County.

THEY HAVE DISCOVERED That every article is sold to suit the times, no old foggy prices on anything. Everything done on the Young America principle.

THE IMMENSE STOCK

We are carrying is almost impossible to enumerate every article for sale, but when called for will be found at the lowest price in the market. Among the articles we shall mention Five Cases of

Housekeeping Goods!

All descriptions from the NAPKIN at Seven Shillings per Dozen, to the finest BED SPREADS in the market.

100 Dozen Linen Towels from 8 to 25 Cents, the twenty-five cents are the cheapest ever offered.  
50 Pieces JONES CAMBRIC at 15 cents; very cheap.  
50 Pieces VICTORIA and BISHOP LAWN; low.  
100 Pieces CURTAIN MUSLIN that dries all.  
10 Pieces CHILDREN'S FLANNEL CLOTH and TURKISH TOWELING CLOAKING.

200 Pieces CORD and FANCY PIQUE at prices never before offered astonishing all.  
200 SHETLAND SHAWLS in WHITE, BLACK, PINK, CARDINAL, BLUE, and ALL THE NEW SHADES VERY HANDSOME.

Among our purchases at auction we bought a lot of